HOUSE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 668

AN ACT

2 To repeal sections 144.010, 144.030, 147.120, 3 148.330, 265.300, 267.565, 276.606, 277.020, 277.200, 348.195, 348.210, 348.406, 348.412, 4 5 348.430, 348.432, 430.030, 578.405, 578.407, 6 578.409, 578.412, 640.700, 640.703, 640.710, 7 640.715, 640.725, 640.730, 640.735, 640.740, 8 640.745, 640.747, 640.750, 640.755, 640.758, 644.016, and 644.051, RSMo, and to enact in 9 10 lieu thereof thirty-eight new sections 11 relating to agriculture, with penalty 12 provisions.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

15 Sections 144.010, 144.030, 147.120, 148.330, Section A. 16 265.300, 267.565, 276.606, 277.020, 277.200, 348.195, 348.210, 17 348.406, 348.412, 348.430, 348.432, 430.030, 578.405, 578.407, 18 578.409, 578.412, 640.700, 640.703, 640.710, 640.715, 640.725, 19 640.730, 640.735, 640.740, 640.745, 640.747, 640.750, 640.755, 640.758, 644.016, and 644.051, RSMo, are repealed and thirty-20 21 eight new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as 22 sections 10.150, 10.160, 144.010, 144.030, 147.120, 148.330, 2.3 265.300, 267.565, 276.606, 277.020, 277.200, 348.195, 348.210, 24 348.406, 348.412, 348.430, 348.432, 430.030, 578.405, 578.407,

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EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in boldface type in the labove law is proposed language.

- 1 578.409, 578.412, 644.016, 644.051, 644.600, 644.603, 644.610,
- 2 644.617, 644.625, 644.630, 644.635, 644.640, 644.645, 644.647,
- 3 644.650, 644.655, 644.657, and 1, to read as follows:
- 4 <u>10.150. The Missouri native grass (Andropogon gerardii)</u>
- 5 <u>known as "Big Bluestem" is selected for, and shall be known as,</u>
- 6 <u>the official grass of the state of Missouri.</u>
- 7 <u>10.160. The Norton/Cynthiana grape, designated as Vitis</u>
- 8 <u>aestivalis</u>, is hereby selected for, and shall be known as, the
- 9 <u>official state grape of the state of Missouri.</u>
- 10 144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when
- used in sections 144.010 to 144.525 have the meanings ascribed to
- 12 them in this section, except when the context indicates a
- different meaning:
- 14 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or
- otherwise, and other similar accommodations and charges made
- 16 therefor and amount paid for admission, exclusive of any
- admission tax imposed by the federal government or by sections
- 18 144.010 to 144.525;
- 19 (2) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any
- 20 person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with the object of
- 21 gain, benefit or advantage, either direct or indirect, and the
- 22 classification of which business is of such character as to be
- 23 subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The
- isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal property,
- service, substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such

business, does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of sections 144.010 to 144.525 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from such sales, exclusive of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any calendar year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to that tax thereafter;

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(3) "Gross receipts", except as provided in section 144.012, means the total amount of the sale price of the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of credit that are a part of such sales made by the businesses herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise; except that, the term "gross receipts" shall not include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 to 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted. For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the total amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or

use of any article of tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable as if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon the rentals paid;

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- (4) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, RSMo, American bison or buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;
- (5) "Motor vehicle leasing company" shall be a company obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as hereinafter provided;
- (6) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state

or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;

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- (7) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases tangible personal property or to whom are rendered services, receipts from which are taxable under sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- (8) "Research or experimentation activities", are the development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention or similar property, and the improvement of existing property of such type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects;
- (9) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the exchange of properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- (10) "Sale at retail" means any transfer made by any person engaged in business as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property to the purchaser, for use or

consumption and not for resale in any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service and not as the sale of tangible personal property. Where necessary to conform to the context of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby, the term "sale at retail" shall be construed to embrace:

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- (a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in places of amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events;
- (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and to others through

- equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or incidental thereto;
- (d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies;

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- (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist camp, tourist cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public;
- (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;
- (11) "Seller" means a person selling or furnishing tangible personal property or rendering services, on the receipts from which a tax is imposed pursuant to section 144.020;
- (12) The noun "tax" means either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may require;
- (13) "Telecommunications service", for the purpose of this chapter, the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical

- cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or other similar
 means. As used in this definition, "information" means knowledge
 or intelligence represented by any form of writing, signs,
 signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols.
- Telecommunications service does not include the following if such services are separately stated on the customer's bill or on records of the seller maintained in the ordinary course of business:

- (a) Access to the Internet, access to interactive computer services or electronic publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications service used to provide such access;
 - (b) Answering services and one-way paging services;
- (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile radio services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or enhanced specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or
 - (d) Cable or satellite television or music services; and
- (14) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption" means tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state.
- 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525, and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales

or use taxes which incorporate the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term "manufactured homes" shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010, RSMo.

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- 3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales Tax Law".
- 144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.
- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded

pursuant to section 142.584, RSMo; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310, RSMo) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

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(2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation, slagging materials and firebrick,

which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

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- (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;
- Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility which converts recovered materials into a new product, or a different form which is used in producing a new product, and shall include a facility or equipment which is used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor

vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms "motor vehicle" and "highway" shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010, RSMo;

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- (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
- (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
- (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes;
- (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general public;
- (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for public commercial display;
- (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
 - (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons

or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, RSMo, solely in the transportation of persons or property in interstate commerce;

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- (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200, RSMo. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;
- (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;
 - (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased

or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the air conservation commission which may uphold or reverse such action;

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- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the Missouri clean water commission which may uphold or reverse such action;
- (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
- (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived

therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation;

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All sales of insulin and prosthetic or orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory [aides] aids, all sales of manual and powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales of scooters, reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities;

(19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;

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- or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not for profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, solely in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not for profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;
- (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to

the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530, RSMo;

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(22) All sales made to any private not for profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, and all sales of farm machinery, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery" means new or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon and lubricants used exclusively for such farm machinery and equipment

- and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:
 - (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

- (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and
- (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use;
- (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or

nonexempt;

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- (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of

occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;

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- (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
- (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located

in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

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- (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.430, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
- (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
- (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, which is ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of cellular glass products;
- (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the

production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;

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- (33) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
- (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in section 273.325, RSMo, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 to 273.357, RSMo;
- (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be

- liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate.
- Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use
 taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of
 fabricating tangible personal property which is used in
 fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing
 - (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section

or remodeling facilities for the following:

144.062; or

- (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- consumption directly or exclusively in research or experimentation activities performed by life science companies and so certified as such by the director of the department of economic development or the director's designees; except that, the total amount of exemptions certified pursuant to this section shall not exceed one million three hundred thousand dollars in state and local taxes per fiscal year. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "life science companies" means companies whose primary research activities are in agriculture,

pharmaceuticals, biomedical or food ingredients, and whose North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Codes fall under industry 541710 (biotech research or development laboratories), 621511 (medical laboratories) or 541940 (veterinary services). The exemption provided by this subdivision shall expire on June 30, 2003;

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- (38) All admission fees charged for hunting or taking of domestically raised pheasants, partridges, and quail on shooting areas licensed by the Missouri department of conservation, and all sales of feed and equipment used in the domestic production of pheasants, partridges, and quail by holders of a class I wildlife breeders permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation.
- 147.120. 1. If any corporation fails or refuses to pay the taxes (including interest and penalties) assessed against it after such assessment becomes final, the director of revenue shall certify a list of the corporations so delinquent to the attorney general who shall proceed forthwith to collect the taxes. Suits for the collection of the taxes may be brought in the name of the state in any court of competent jurisdiction and any judgment rendered in such court in favor of the state shall be a first lien on all properties and assets of the corporation within this state.
- 2. The director of revenue shall notify the secretary of state of any corporation that fails or refuses to pay the taxes,

including interest and penalties, assessed against it after such assessment becomes final and the secretary of state shall then administratively dissolve any domestic corporation that is delinquent pursuant to section 351.486, RSMo, and shall revoke the certificate of authority of any foreign corporation that is delinquent pursuant to section 351.602, RSMo.

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- 3. Any tax provided for pursuant to sections 147.010 to 147.120 not paid on or before the last day prescribed for payment pursuant to sections 147.010 to 147.120 (determined with regard to any extension of time for payment) shall be collected with a penalty of five percent per month or fractional part thereof until paid, not exceeding twenty-five percent in the aggregate. Interest at the rate determined by section 32.065, RSMo, shall be added to any tax not paid on or before the date due pursuant to sections 147.010 to 147.120 (determined without regard to any extension of time for payment). Nothing in sections 147.010 to 147.120 shall be construed so as to permit any officer of this state to remit or abate such interest.
- 4. If any corporation fails to pay any tax due within the time prescribed pursuant to sections 147.010 to 147.120 or if any corporation makes errors and omissions in reports or payments, and the director of revenue determines that such action is the result of mistake or is due to circumstances beyond reasonable control and that such delinquency or inaccuracy was unavoidable or devoid of any intent to evade the tax, the director of revenue

may, at the director's discretion, waive any penalty that would otherwise be imposed.

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- 5. The director of revenue shall set the interest rate as determined in section 32.065, RSMo. Such interest rate shall be paid on all overpayments for the ensuing calendar year. The interest shall accrue from the due date or the date of overpayment, whichever is later. No interest shall be allowed or paid if overpayment is refunded within four months after the franchise tax report is filed.
- 6. Any notice of assessment of franchise tax due shall be mailed to the corporation within three years after the report was filed. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all reports filed after December 31, 1981.
- 7. If no report is filed or if a false and fraudulent report is filed, a notice of assessment of franchise tax due may be mailed to the corporation at any time.
- 8. If fraud or evasion on the part of a corporation or anyone on behalf of a corporation is discovered, the director of revenue shall determine the amount of which the state has been defrauded, shall add to the amount so determined a penalty equal to fifty percent thereof, and shall assess the same against the corporation. The amount so assessed shall be immediately due and payable; except that, the director of revenue shall promptly thereafter give to such corporation written notice of such assessment and penalty, which notice shall be served by

registered mail. Such corporation shall have the right to petition for hearing of such assessment, as is provided in sections 147.010 to 147.120.

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- 9. Any person who willfully makes a false corporation franchise tax report, or who willfully makes a false statement in any report under oath or otherwise filed with or transmitted to the director of revenue relating to the amount of any franchise tax due pursuant to sections 147.010 to 147.120 shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law and upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year or by not less than two nor more than five years in the state penitentiary or by both fine and imprisonment together with the cost of prosecution.
- 10. The director of revenue shall administer and enforce the tax imposed by sections 147.010 to 147.120, and the director is authorized to make such rules and regulations and to require such facts and information to be reported as the director may deem necessary to enforce the provisions of sections 147.010 to 147.120.
- 11. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of sections 147.010 to 147.120 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.
 - 12. Except as otherwise specifically provided in sections

147.010 to 147.120 the franchise tax shall be administered as 2. prescribed in the following provisions of chapter 143, RSMo: subsections 1 and 4 of section 143.551, RSMo, sections 143.561, 143.571, 143.621, 143.631, 143.641, 143.651, 143.661, 143.681, 143.691, 143.721 and 143.731, RSMo, subsection 1 of section 143.741, RSMo, subsections 1, 2 and 5 of section 143.751, RSMo, sections 143.771 and 143.791, RSMo, subsections 1 and 2 of section 143.801, RSMo, subsections 1, 2 and 4 of section 143.811, RSMo, sections 143.831, 143.841 and 143.851, RSMo, subsections 2 and 3 of section 143.861, RSMo, and sections 143.901, 143.902, 143.971 and 143.986, RSMo.

148.330. 1. Every such company shall, on or before the first day of March in each year, make a return, verified by the affidavit of its president and secretary, or other authorized officers, to the director of the department of insurance stating the amount of all premiums received on account of policies issued in this state by the company, whether in cash or in notes, during the year ending on the thirty-first day of December, next preceding. Upon receipt of such returns the director of the department of insurance shall verify the same and certify the amount of tax due from the various companies on the basis and at the rates provided in section 148.320, and shall certify the same to the director of revenue together with the amount of the quarterly installments to be made as provided in subsection 2 of this section, on or before the thirtieth day of April of each

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Beginning January 1, 1983, the amount of the tax due for that calendar year and each succeeding calendar year thereafter shall be paid in four approximately equal estimated quarterly installments, and a fifth reconciling installment. The first four installments shall be based upon the tax for the immediately preceding taxable year ending on the thirty-first day of December, next preceding. The quarterly installments shall be made on the first day of March, the first day of June, the first day of September and the first day of December. Immediately after receiving certification from the director of the department of insurance of the amount of tax due from the various companies the director of revenue shall notify and assess each company the amount of taxes on its premiums for the calendar year ending on the thirty-first day of December, next preceding. The director of revenue shall also notify and assess each company the amount of the estimated quarterly installments to be made for the calendar year. If the amount of the actual tax due for any year exceeds the total of the installments made for such year, the balance of the tax due shall be paid on the first day of June of the year following, together with the regular quarterly payment due at that time. If the total amount of the tax actually due is less than the total amount of the installments actually paid, the amount by which the amount paid exceeds the amount due shall be credited against the tax for the following year and deducted from the quarterly installment otherwise due on the first day of June. If the March first quarterly installment made by a company is less than the amount assessed by the director of revenue, the difference will be due on June first, but no interest will accrue to the state on the difference unless the amount paid by the company is less than eighty percent of one-fourth of the total amount of tax assessed by the director of revenue for the immediately preceding taxable year. The state treasurer, upon receiving the moneys paid as a tax upon such premiums to the director of revenue, shall place the moneys to the credit of a fund to be known as "The County Stock Insurance Fund", which is hereby created and established.

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- 3. If the estimated quarterly tax installments are not so paid, the director of revenue shall certify such fact to the director of the division of insurance who shall thereafter suspend such delinquent company or companies from the further transaction of business in this state until such taxes shall be paid and such companies shall be subject to the provisions of sections 148.410 to 148.461.
- 4. On or before the first day of September of each year the commissioner of administration shall apportion all moneys in the county stock insurance fund to the general revenue fund of the state, to the county treasurer and to the treasurer of the school district in which the principal office of the company paying the same is located. All premium tax credits described in sections

shall only reduce the amounts apportioned to the general revenue fund of the state and shall not reduce any moneys apportioned to the treasurer of the school district in which the principal office of the company paying the same is located. Apportionments shall be made in the same ratio which the rates of levy for the same year for state purposes, for county purposes, and for all school district purposes, bear to each other; provided that any proceeds from such tax for prior years remaining on hand in the hands of the county collector or county treasurer undistributed [on the effective date of sections 148.310 to 148.460] and any proceeds of such tax for prior years collected thereafter shall be distributed and paid in accordance with the provisions of such sections. Whenever the word "county" occurs herein it shall be construed to include the city of St. Louis.

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265.300. The following terms as used in sections 265.300 to 265.470, unless the context otherwise indicates, mean:

- (1) "Adulterated", any meat or meat product under one or more of the circumstances listed in Title XXI, Chapter 12, Section 601 of the United States Code as now constituted or hereafter amended;
- (2) "Capable of use as human food", any carcass, or part or product of a carcass, of any animal unless it is denatured or otherwise identified, as required by regulation prescribed by the director, to deter its use as human food, or is naturally

inedible by humans;

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- (3) "Cold storage warehouse", any place for storing meat or meat products which contains at any one time over two thousand five hundred pounds of meat or meat products belonging to any one private owner other than the owner or operator of the warehouse;
- (4) "Commercial plant", any establishment in which livestock or poultry are slaughtered for transportation or sale as articles of commerce intended for or capable of use for human consumption, or in which meat or meat products are prepared for transportation or sale as articles of commerce, intended for or capable of use for human consumption;
- (5) "Director", the director of the department of agriculture of this state, or his authorized representative;
- (6) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds including but not limited to ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, RSMo, American bison or buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, or horses, other equines, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;
- (7) "Meat", any edible portion of livestock or poultry carcass or part thereof;
- (8) "Meat product", anything containing meat intended for or capable of use for human consumption, which is derived, in whole or in part, from livestock or poultry;
 - (9) "Misbranded", any meat or meat product under one or

- 1 more of the circumstances listed in Title XXI, Chapter 12,
- 2 Section 601 of the United States Code as now constituted or
- 3 hereafter amended;

- 4 (10) "Official inspection mark", the symbol prescribed by
 5 the director stating that an article was inspected and passed or
 6 condemned;
 - (11) "Poultry", any domesticated bird intended for human consumption;
 - (12) "Prepared", slaughtered, canned, salted, rendered, boned, cut up, or otherwise manufactured or processed;
 - (13) "Unwholesome":
 - (a) Processed, prepared, packed or held under unsanitary conditions;
 - (b) Produced in whole or in part from livestock or poultry which has died other than by slaughter.
 - 267.565. Unless the context requires otherwise, as used in sections 267.560 to 267.660, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Accredited approved veterinarian", a veterinarian who has been accredited by the United States Department of Agriculture and approved by the state department of agriculture and who is duly licensed under the laws of Missouri to engage in the practice of veterinary medicine, or a veterinarian domiciled and practicing veterinary medicine in a state other than Missouri, duly licensed under laws of the state in which he resides, accredited by the United States Department of

Agriculture, and approved by the chief livestock sanitary official of that state;

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- (2) "Animal", an animal of the equine, bovine, porcine, ovine, caprine, or species domesticated or semidomesticated;
- (3) "Approved laboratory", a laboratory approved by the
 department;
- (4) "Approved vaccine" or "bacterin", a vaccine or bacterin produced under the license of the United States Department of Agriculture and approved by the department for the immunization of animals against infectious and contagious disease;
 - (5) "Bird", a bird of the avian species;
- or a flock of sheep or birds which has met the requirements and the conditions set forth in sections 267.560 to 267.660 and as required by the department and as recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture, and for such status for a specific disease and for a herd of cattle, swine, goats or flock of sheep or birds in another state which has met those minimum requirements and conditions under the supervision of the livestock sanitary authority of the state in which said animals or birds are domiciled, and as recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture for such status for a specific disease;
- (7) "Department" or "department of agriculture", the department of agriculture of the state of Missouri, and when by this law the said department of agriculture is charged to perform

a duty, it shall be understood to authorize the performance of such duty by the director of agriculture of the state of Missouri, or by the state veterinarian of the state of Missouri or his duly authorized deputies acting under the supervision of the director of agriculture;

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- (8) "Infected animal" or "infected bird", an animal or bird which shows a positive reaction to any recognized serological test or growth on culture or any other recognized test for the detection of any disease of livestock or poultry as approved by the department or when clinical symptoms and history justifies designating such animal or bird as being infected with a contagious or infectious disease;
- (9) "Isolated" or "isolation", a condition in which animals or birds are quarantined to a certain designated premises and quarantined separately and apart from any other animals or birds on adjacent premises;
- (10) "Licensed market", a market as defined and licensed under chapter 277, RSMo;
- (11) "Livestock", horses, cattle, swine, sheep, goats, ratite birds including but not limited to ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, RSMo, American bison or buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild and raised in confinement for human consumption or animal husbandry, poultry and other domesticated animals or birds;

(12) "Official health certificate" is a legal record covering the requirements of the state of Missouri executed on an official form of the standard size from the state of origin and approved by the proper livestock sanitary official of the state of origin or an equivalent form provided by the United States Department of Agriculture and issued by an approved, accredited, licensed, graduate veterinarian;

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- (13) "Public stockyards", any public stockyards located within the state of Missouri and subject to regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture or the Missouri department of agriculture;
- (14) "Quarantine", a condition in which an animal or bird of any species is restricted in movement to a particular premises under such terms and conditions as may be designated by order of the state veterinarian or his duly authorized deputies;
- (15) "Traders" or "dealers", any person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of buying, selling or exchange of livestock on any basis other than on a commission basis at any sale pen, concentration point, farm, truck or other conveyance including persons, firms or corporations employed as an agent of the vendor or purchaser excluding public stockyards under federal supervision or markets licensed under sections 267.560 to 267.660 and under the supervision of the department, breed association sales or any private farm sale.
 - 276.606. As used in sections 276.600 to 276.661, the

following terms mean:

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- (1) "Agent", any person authorized to act for a livestock
 dealer;
 - (2) "Dealer transactions", any purchase, sale, or exchange of livestock by a dealer, or agent, representative, or consignee of a dealer or person in which any interest equitable or legal is acquired or divested whether directly or indirectly;
 - (3) "Director", the director of the Missouri department of agriculture or his designated representative;
 - (4) "Engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging in commerce livestock", sales and purchases of greater frequency than the person would make in feeding operation under the normal operation of a farm, if the person is a farmer. If the person is not a farmer he is a dealer engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging in commerce livestock;
 - (5) "Livestock", cattle, swine, sheep, goats, horses and poultry, American bison or buffalo, and other domesticated or semidomesticated or exotic animals;
 - (6) "Livestock dealer", any person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging in commerce of livestock;
 - (7) "Livestock transactions", any purchase, sale or exchange of livestock by a person, whether or not a livestock dealer, in which any interest equitable or legal is acquired or divested whether directly or indirectly;
 - (8) "Official ear tag", a metal or plastic ear tag

prescribed by the director conforming to the nine character alpha-numeric national uniform ear-tagging system;

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- (9) "Person", any individual, partnership, corporation,
 association or other legal entity;
- (10) "State veterinarian", the state veterinarian of the Missouri department of agriculture, or his appointed agent.
 - 277.020. The following terms as used in this chapter mean:
- (1) "Livestock", cattle, swine, sheep, ratite birds including but not limited to ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, American bison or buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild and raised in confinement for human consumption or animal husbandry, goats and poultry, equine and exotic animals;
- (2) "Livestock market", a place of business or place where livestock is concentrated for the purpose of sale, exchange or trade made at regular or irregular intervals, whether at auction or not, except this definition shall not apply to any public farm sale or purebred livestock sale, or to any sale, transfer, or exchange of livestock from one person to another person for movement or transfer to other farm premises or directly to a licensed market;
- (3) "Livestock sale", the business of mediating, for a commission, or otherwise, sale, purchase, or exchange transactions in livestock, whether or not at a livestock market; except the term "livestock sale" shall not apply to order buyers,

livestock dealers or other persons acting directly as a buying
agent for any third party;

- (4) "Person", individuals, partnerships, corporations and associations;
 - (5) "State veterinarian", the state veterinarian of the Missouri state department of agriculture.
 - 277.200. As used in sections 277.200 to 277.215, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Department", the department of agriculture;
 - (2) "Livestock", live cattle, swine, American bison or buffalo, or sheep;
 - (3) "Packer", a person who is engaged in the business of slaughtering livestock or receiving, purchasing or soliciting livestock for slaughtering, the meat products of which are directly or indirectly to be offered for resale or for public consumption. "Packer" includes an agent of the packer engaged in buying or soliciting livestock for slaughter on behalf of a packer. "Packer" does not include a cold storage plant, a frozen food locker plant exempt from federal inspection requirements, a livestock market or livestock auction agency, any cattle buyer who purchases twenty or fewer cattle per day or one hundred or fewer cattle per week, any hog buyer who purchases fifty or fewer hogs per day or two hundred fifty or fewer sheep per day or two hundred fifty or fewer sheep per week.

348.195. 1. The authority may issue certificates of guaranty covering a first loss guarantee up to but not more than [twenty-five] fifty percent of the loan on a declining principal basis for loans to individuals executing a note or other evidence of a loan made for livestock production or other single-purpose animal facility, including animal waste systems or livestock purchase, but not to exceed the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars for any one individual and to pay from the single-purpose animal facilities loan guarantee fund to an eligible lender up to [twenty-five] fifty percent of the amount on a declining principal basis of any loss on any guaranteed loan made under the provisions of sections 348.185 to 348.225, in the event of default on the loan. Upon payment of the loan, the authority shall be subrogated to all the rights of the eligible lender.

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- 2. As used in sections 348.185 to 348.225, the term "eligible lender" means those entities defined as "lenders" under subdivision (8) of section 348.015.
- 3. The authority shall charge for each guaranteed loan a one-time participation fee of one percent which shall be collected by the lender at the time of closing and paid to the authority. In addition, the authority may charge a special loan guarantee fee of up to one percent per annum of the outstanding principal which shall be collected from the borrower by the lender and paid to the authority. Amounts so collected shall be

deposited in the single-purpose animal facilities loan program fund and used, upon appropriation, to pay the costs of administering the program.

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- 4. All moneys paid to satisfy a defaulted guaranteed loan shall only be paid out of the single-purpose animal facilities loan guarantee fund established by sections 348.185 to 348.225.
- 5. The total outstanding guaranteed loans shall at no time exceed an amount which, according to sound actuarial judgment, would allow immediate redemption of [forty] twenty percent of the outstanding loans guaranteed by the fund at any one time.
- 348.210. 1. Persons eligible for guarantees for loans under the provisions of sections 348.185 to 348.225 are individuals engaged in farming operations as defined in section 348.015, who intend to use the proceeds from the loan to finance breeding or feeder livestock, including the purchase of additional or replacement livestock, land, buildings, facilities, equipment, machinery, and animal waste facilities used to produce poultry, hogs, beef, or dairy cattle, or other animals and who are seeking a loan or loans to finance not more than ninety percent of the anticipated cost.
- 2. The authority shall adopt and promulgate regulations establishing eligibility under the provisions of sections 348.185 to 348.225, taking into consideration the individual's ability to repay the loan, the general economic conditions of the area in which the individual will be located, the prospect of success of

- the particular facility for which the loan is sought and such
 other factors as the authority may establish. The eligibility of
 any person for a loan guarantee under the provisions of sections
 348.185 to 348.225 shall not be determined or otherwise affected
 by any consideration of that person's race, religion, sex, creed,
 color, or location of residence. The authority may also provide
 for:
 - (1) The requirement or nonrequirement of security or endorsement and the nature thereof;
 - (2) The manner and time of repayment of the principal and interest;
 - (3) The maximum rate of interest;

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- (4) The right of the borrower to accelerate payments without penalty;
 - (5) The amount of the guaranty charge;
 - (6) The effective period of the guaranty;
- (7) The percent of the loan, not to exceed [twenty-five]

 fifty percent, covered by the guaranty;
 - (8) The assignability of loans by the lender;
 - (9) Procedures in event of default by the borrower;
- (10) The due diligence effort on the part of lenders for collection of guaranteed loans;
 - (11) Collection assistance to be provided to lenders; and
- (12) The extension of the guaranty in consideration of duty in the armed forces, unemployment, natural disasters, or other

hardships.

2.

348.406. 1. The authority, upon application, may issue certificates of guaranty covering a first loss guarantee up to but not more than [twenty-five] fifty percent of the loan on a declining principal basis for loans to eligible borrowers, executing a note or other evidence of a loan made for the purpose of an agricultural business development loan, but not to exceed the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars for any eligible borrower and to pay from the fund to an eligible lender up to [twenty-five] fifty percent of the amount on a declining principal basis of any loss on any guaranteed loan made pursuant to the provisions of sections 348.400 to 348.415, in the event of default on the loan. Upon payment on the guarantee, the authority shall be subrogated to all the rights of the eligible lender.

- 2. The authority shall charge for each guaranteed loan a one-time participation fee of one percent which shall be collected by the eligible lender at the time of closing and paid to the authority. In addition, the authority may charge a special loan guarantee fee of up to one percent per annum of the outstanding principal which shall be collected from the eligible borrower by the eligible lender and paid to the authority.
- 3. All moneys paid to satisfy a defaulted guaranteed loan shall only be paid out of the fund.
 - 4. The total outstanding guaranteed loans shall at no time

exceed an amount which, according to sound actuarial judgment,
would allow immediate redemption of [forty] twenty percent of the
outstanding loans guaranteed by the fund at any one time.

348.412. 1. Eligible borrowers:

- (1) Shall use the proceeds of the agricultural business development loan to acquire agricultural property; and
- (2) May not finance more than ninety percent of the anticipated cost of the project through the agricultural business development loan.
- 2. The project shall have opportunities to succeed in the development, expansion and operation of businesses involved in adding value to, marketing, exporting, processing, or manufacturing agricultural products that will benefit the state economically and socially through direct or indirect job creation or job retention.
- 3. The authority shall promulgate rules establishing eligibility pursuant to the provisions of sections 348.400 to 348.415, taking into consideration:
- (1) The eligible borrower's ability to repay the agricultural business development loan;
- (2) The general economic conditions of the area in which the agricultural property will be located;
- (3) The prospect of success of the particular project for which the loan is sought; and
 - (4) Such other factors as the authority may establish.

- 1 4. The authority may promulgate rules to provide for:
- 2 (1) The requirement or nonrequirement of security or endorsement and the nature thereof;
 - (2) The manner and time or repayment of the principal and interest;
 - (3) The maximum rate of interest;

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- (4) The right of the eligible borrower to accelerate payments without penalty;
 - (5) The amount of the guaranty charge;
 - (6) The effective period of the guaranty;
- 11 (7) The percent of the agricultural business development
 12 loan, not to exceed [twenty-five] fifty percent, covered by the
 13 quaranty;
- 14 (8) The assignability of agricultural business development 15 loans by the eligible lender;
 - (9) Procedures in the event of default on an agricultural business development loan;
 - (10) The due diligence effort on the part of eligible lenders for collection of guaranteed loans;
- 20 (11) Collection assistance to be provided to eligible 21 lenders; and
- 22 (12) The extension of the guaranty in consideration of duty 23 in the armed forces, unemployment, natural disasters, or other 24 hardships.
- 25 348.430. 1. The tax credit created in this section shall

- be known as the "Agricultural Product Utilization Contributor Tax
 Credit".
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Authority", the agriculture and small business development authority as provided in this chapter;

- (2) "Contributor", an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, limited liability company, entity or person that contributes cash funds to the authority;
- (3) "Development facility", a facility producing either a good derived from an agricultural commodity or using a process to produce a good derived from an agricultural product;
- (4) "Eligible new generation cooperative", a nonprofit cooperative association formed pursuant to chapter 274, RSMo, or incorporated pursuant to chapter 357, RSMo, for the purpose of operating a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility;
- (5) "Eligible new generation processing entity", a partnership, corporation, cooperative, or limited liability company organized or incorporated pursuant to the laws of this state consisting of not less than twelve members, approved by the authority, for the purpose of owning or operating within this state a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility in which producer members:
- (a) Hold a majority of the governance or voting rights of the entity and any governing committee;

(b) Control the hiring and firing of management; and

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- (c) Deliver agricultural commodities or products to the entity for processing, unless processing is required by multiple entities;
- (6) "Renewable fuel production facility", a facility producing an energy source which is derived from a renewable, domestically grown, organic compound capable of powering machinery, including an engine or power plant, and any by-product derived from such energy source.
- For all tax [year] years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a contributor who contributes funds to the authority may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, chapter 148, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, in an amount of up to one hundred percent of such contribution. Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be done so on a quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax pursuant to this subsection. The awarding of such credit shall be at the approval of the authority, based on the least amount of credits necessary to provide incentive for the contributions. A contributor that receives tax credits for a contribution to the authority shall receive no other consideration or compensation for such contribution, other than a federal tax deduction, if applicable, and goodwill. A contributor that receives tax credits for a

contribution provided in this section may not be a member, owner, investor or lender of an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity that receives financial assistance from the authority either at the time the contribution is made or for a period of two years thereafter.

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- 4. A contributor shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on a form provided by the authority. If the contributor meets all criteria prescribed by this section and the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate Tax credits issued pursuant to this section shall [initially] be claimed in the taxable year in which the contributor contributes funds to the authority or within three tax years of the tax year in which the contributor contributes funds to the authority. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a contributor's taxable year in which the tax credit is claimed may be carried back to any of the contributor's three prior tax years and may be carried forward to any of the contributor's five subsequent taxable years. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be assigned, transferred or sold. Whenever a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit.
 - 5. The funds derived from contributions in this section

shall be used for financial assistance or technical assistance for the purposes provided in section 348.407, to rural agricultural business concepts as approved by the authority. The authority may provide or facilitate loans, equity investments, or guaranteed loans for rural agricultural business concepts, but limited to two million dollars per project or the net state economic impact, whichever is less. Loans, equity investments or guaranteed loans may only be provided to feasible projects, and for an amount that is the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the authority. The authority may structure the loans, equity investments or guaranteed loans in a way that facilitates the project, but also provides for a compensatory return on investment or loan payment to the authority, based on the risk of the project.

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- 6. In any given year, at least ten percent of the funds granted to rural agricultural business concepts shall be awarded to grant requests of twenty-five thousand dollars or less. No single rural agricultural business concept shall receive more than two hundred thousand dollars in grant awards from the authority. Agricultural businesses owned by minority members or women shall be given consideration in the allocation of funds.
- 348.432. 1. The tax credit created in this section shall be known as the "New Generation Cooperative Incentive Tax Credit".
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Authority", the agriculture and small business development authority as provided in this chapter;

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- (2) "Development facility", a facility producing either a good derived from an agricultural commodity or using a process to produce a good derived from an agricultural product;
- (3) "Eligible new generation cooperative", a nonprofit cooperative association formed pursuant to chapter 274, RSMo, or incorporated pursuant to chapter 357, RSMo, for the purpose of operating a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility and approved by the authority;
- (4) "Eligible new generation processing entity", a partnership, corporation, cooperative, or limited liability company organized or incorporated pursuant to the laws of this state consisting of not less than twelve members, approved by the authority, for the purpose of owning or operating within this state a development facility or a renewable fuel production facility in which producer members:
- (a) Hold a majority of the governance or voting rights of the entity and any governing committee;
 - (b) Control the hiring and firing of management; and
- (c) Deliver agricultural commodities or products to the entity for processing, unless processing is required by multiple entities;
- (5) "Employee-qualified capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with capital costs greater than fifteen

million dollars which will employ at least [one hundred] sixty employees;

- (6) "Large capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with capital costs greater than one million dollars;
- (7) "Producer member", a person, partnership, corporation, trust or limited liability company whose main purpose is agricultural production that invests cash funds to an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity;
- (8) "Renewable fuel production facility", a facility producing an energy source which is derived from a renewable, domestically grown, organic compound capable of powering machinery, including an engine or power plant, and any by-product derived from such energy source;
- (9) "Small capital project", an eligible new generation cooperative with capital costs of no more than one million dollars.
- 3. Beginning tax year 1999, and ending December 31, 2002, any producer member who invests cash funds in an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such producer member's

investment or fifteen thousand dollars.

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- 4. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, any producer member who invests cash funds in an eligible new generation cooperative or eliqible new generation processing entity may receive a credit against the tax or estimated quarterly tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, RSMo, other than taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, RSMo, chapter 147, RSMo, or chapter 148, RSMo, in an amount equal to the lesser of fifty percent of such producer member's investment or fifteen thousand dollars. Tax credits claimed in a taxable year may be done so on a quarterly basis and applied to the estimated quarterly tax pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.
- 5. A producer member shall submit to the authority an application for the tax credit authorized by this section on a form provided by the authority. If the producer member meets all criteria prescribed by this section and is approved by the authority, the authority shall issue a tax credit certificate in the appropriate amount. Tax credits issued pursuant to this section shall [initially] be claimed in the taxable year in which the producer member contributes capital to an eligible new generation cooperative or eligible new generation processing entity or within three tax years of the tax year in which the producer member contributes such capital. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a producer member's taxable year in

which the tax credit is claimed may be carried back to any of the producer member's three prior taxable years and carried forward to any of the producer member's five subsequent taxable years regardless of the type of tax liability to which such credits are applied as authorized pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

Tax credits issued pursuant to this section may be assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed and the new owner of the tax credit shall have the same rights in the credit as the producer member. Whenever a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the authority specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit or the value of the credit.

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- 6. Ten percent of the tax credits authorized pursuant to this section initially shall be offered in any fiscal year to small capital projects. If any portion of the ten percent of tax credits offered to small capital costs projects is unused in any calendar year, then the unused portion of tax credits may be offered to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects. If the authority receives more applications for tax credits for small capital projects than tax credits are authorized therefor, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of tax credits authorized for small capital projects.
 - 7. Ninety percent of the tax credits authorized pursuant to

this section initially shall be offered in any fiscal year to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects. If any portion of the ninety percent of tax credits offered to employee-qualified capital projects and large capital costs projects is unused in any fiscal year, then the unused portion of tax credits may be offered to small capital projects. The maximum tax credit allowed per employee-qualified capital project is three million dollars and the maximum tax credit allowed per large capital project is one million five hundred thousand dollars. If the authority approves the maximum tax credit allowed for any employee-qualified capital project or any large capital project, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of such maximum tax credit. In addition, if the authority receives more tax credit applications for employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects than the amount of tax credits authorized therefor, then the authority, by rule, shall determine the method of distribution of tax credits authorized for employee-qualified capital projects and large capital projects.

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430.030. 1. Every person who furnishes labor or material on any horse, mule or other animal, who shall obtain a written memorandum of the work or material furnished, or to be furnished, signed by the owner of such horse, mule or other animal, shall have a lien for the amount of such work or material as is ordered or stated in such written memorandum. The provisions of this

section shall include liens against livestock for veterinary
care.

- 2. Such lien shall be on such horse, mule or other animal as shall be placed in the possession of the person furnishing the labor or material; provided, however, that for labor and material furnished on more than one horse, mule or other animal belonging to the same owner, the person furnishing such labor and material may, at his option, have a lien on any one or more of such horses, mules or other animals for the amount of labor and material furnished on all of such horses, mules and other animals belonging to such owner.
- 578.405. 1. Sections 578.405 to 578.412 shall be known and may be cited as "The Animal Research and Production Facilities Protection Act".
- 2. As used in sections 578.405 to 578.412, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Animal", every living creature, domestic or wild, but not including Homo sapiens;
- operation, business or organization engaging in legal scientific research or agricultural production or involving the use of animals, including any organization with a primary purpose of representing livestock production or processing, any organization with a primary purpose of promoting or marketing livestock or livestock products, any person licensed to practice veterinary

1 medicine, any organization involved in the production of pet food 2. or pet food research, and any organization with a primary purpose of representing any such person, organization, or institution. 3 The term shall include the owner, operator, and employees of any 4 5 animal facility [and], the offices [and], barns, buildings or other structures, the vehicles of any such persons while engaged 6 7 in duties related to the animal facility, and any premises, private or public property, where animals are located, including 8 9 but not limited to the barns, buildings, or areas where animals 10 are pastured, housed, or otherwise quartered. For purposes of 11 this subdivision, "public property" means any real property where 12 only persons authorized by the facility are permitted to have 13 access;

(3) "Director", the director of the department of agriculture.

578.407. No person shall:

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- (1) Release, steal, or otherwise intentionally cause the death, injury, or loss of any animal at or from an animal facility and not authorized by that facility;
- (2) Damage, vandalize, or steal any property in or on an animal facility;